

Who is TRAVIS? T – Transportation

- R Routing
- A And
- V − Vehicle
- I Information
- **S** System



Who Initiated the System

- In 1995 a Provincial Task Group for Transportation Standardization was established to resolve inconsistencies and inefficiencies in the rules governing the movement of oversize transportation across municipal boundaries, known as the TRAVIS Committee.
- The Task Group consisted of:
 - Provincial Government
 - Municipal Governments (AAMD&C and AUMA)
 - Industry (PSAC, CAODC, AMTA, AFPA, Heavy Haul Sector)



How it Came to Be

- The TRAVIS Committee recommended that Province develops an automated permit system that would provide a permit along with all municipal validations with a single application that would be available 24/7.
- They also recommended that the Province allocate permit revenue to Municipalities.



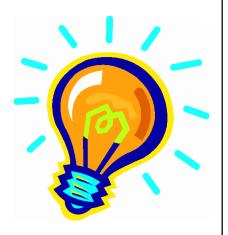
The Final Outcome

- The final stage of TRAVIS is to expand from Provincial Highway Permitting to Local Road Authority Permitting.
- TRAVIS MJ (TRAVIS Multi Jurisdictional) is the system developed to address the TRAVIS Committee issues and realize the vision of an integrated permitting system.



What Does TRAVIS Do?

TRAVIS in a one window permit application system that allows for the issuance of a single permit to travel through multiple Municipalities.



Carrier Application Process – Overview

- Application Process
 - Carrier Applies for Permit.
 - TRAVIS checks vehicle Parameters.
 - TRAVIS checks roadway segments and bridges along the route for restrictions.
 - If there are no issues, TRAVIS issues the permit along with Municipal validations.
 - If there are issues, TRAVIS sends the application to the Municipality for manual review and possible approval.
 - Municipalities are notified of all moves.



Carrier Application Process – Detailed

- Carrier applies for permit.
 - Applications must be made online through TRAVIS.
 - Carriers can choose a TRAVIS Agent to apply for them if they do not wish to apply online themselves.
 - Route can be requested or generated by TRAVIS.
- TRAVIS checks vehicle parameters:
 - Weights
 - Dimensions
 - Configurations



Carrier Application Process - Detailed

- TRAVIS checks roadway segments and bridges along the route for restrictions.
 - If the route check fails the carrier can change his route or submit the application for manual review.
 - Manual review will be done by the Municipality using their current process, but approval or rejection must be done through TRAVIS.
- If there are no issues, TRAVIS issues the permit along with Municipal validations.
 - Any pre-defined permit conditions will be attached to the permit document issued by the Province.

Carrier Application Process - Detailed

- If there are issues, TRAVIS sends the application to the Municipality for manual review and possible approval.
 - Municipalities can create Business Rules that would force manual approval.
 - Manual review will be done by the Municipality using their current process, but approval or rejection must be done through TRAVIS.
- Municipalities are notified of all moves, including routes and time.
 - A copy of the Permit Document will be e-mailed to preidentified employees of the Municipality.



Municipal Manual Approval Process

- Manual Review/ Approval
 - Depending on the Municipality, manual approval rates of 20-40% can be anticipated.
 - When route check fails
 - · When a comment is directed to the Municipality
 - · When a Municipal business rule calls for a manual review
 - Those applications are accessed, analyzed and approved or rejected using the TRAVIS MJ screens.
 - Applications are received through TRAVIS 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

How Does TRAVIS Work?

TRAVIS reviews data input by the Municipality and the Carrier to attempt to auto approve permit applications.



How it Works – Roadway Data

- TRAVIS will contain a database of all public roads in the province, including municipal streets and roads, with the following information:
 - Truck Routes
 - Local Access
 - Bridge Capacities
 - Weight Restrictions
 - Height Restrictions
 - Road Bans
 - Construction Zones



How it Works – Business Rules

- TRAVIS will contain a database of permit business rules for all Municipalities, with the following information:
 - Permit Conditions
 - Approval Rules
 - Notification Rules
 - Routing Preferences
- Municipalities will need to identify, review and/or create their policies and procedures to create these business rules.



Where is TRAVIS Being Used?

The TRAVIS Pilot Project was started in 2009 and consisted of 4 Municipalities.



Today – Who is in TRAVIS

- Currently there are 8 Municipalities using TRAIVS:
 - City of Grande Prairie
 - County of Grande Prairie
 - Saddle Hills County
 - M.D. of Spirit River
 - City of Spruce Grove
 - Parkland County
 - Lacombe County
 - Vermillion River County



Tomorrow – Who is Next

- How will Municipalities be Implemented:
 - While the Province will attempt to deal with Municipalities on a regional basis as much as possible, this is primarily for travel efficiency purposes. Municipalities can join as soon as they are ready.
- When will all Rural Municipalities be in TRAVIS:
 - The plan is to have all Cities, Counties and Municipal Districts participating by the end of 2011.



When Can I Move to TRAVIS?

Before TRAVIS can work in your Municipality, you first need to prepare your Municipal Information.



Getting Ready for TRAVIS

- Municipality to Provide Initial Data Upload:
 - To be done or supported by the Province.
 - Includes all roadway attribute data:
 - Surface Type
 - Road Use (Truck Route or Local Access)
 - Temporary Restrictions (eg: Bans)
 - Includes business rules
 - Permit Conditions
 - Policy Rules
 - · Procedures Identified



Being Prepared to Maintain TRAVIS

- Data Updates
 - To be done by the Municipality
 - Can be done by in-house staff or by a contractor
 - Includes changes only:
 - · Temporary restrictions (eg: Bans)
 - Road Closures due to Construction



Being Prepared to Maintain TRAVIS

- Manual Review/Approvals
 - To be done by the Municipality
 - Can be done by in-house staff or by a contractor
 - Municipalities must identify which employees will be reviewing applications submitted for manual review.
 - Application can be received by admin staff or contractor and forward to road foreman, if necessary.
 - A mobile (Blackberry) solution will be developed.



Completing the Transition

- Once prepared, Municipalities can join the TRAVIS imitative as soon as they are ready. Current fee regimes can continue until new provincial regulation is implemented.
- Can our Municipality choose NOT to be part of TRAVIS if we are happy with how we provide permit approval services now?
 - TRAVIS will only collect and distribute municipal fees for permits approved in TRAVIS. The Traffic Safety Act prohibits a Municipality from collecting a fee for truck permits.

Why is TRAVIS giving Muni's \$?

The Province will be collecting and distributing a portion of the Permit Fee to Municipalities.



Fee Allocation

- The TRAVIS Committee recommended that permit fees be allocated to Municipalities to account for road damage and administration costs.
- The TRAVIS Fees Committee has agreed on a formula and a recommendation is being reviewed by the minister.
- A portion of the overload fee is to be allocated to the Municipality based on weight and distance traveled:
 - GVW Fee X Overweight X KM Travelled
 - Variable Axle Fee X KM Travelled



Fee Allocation

- Proposed Fees
 - Season Modifiers:
 - 2.0 for Spring
 - 1.5 for Summer
 - 1.0 for Fall
 - 0.5 for Winter
 - Roadway Modifiers:
 - 3.0 for Oiled Roads
 - 2.0 for Gravel Roads
 - 1.0 for Paved Roads
 - Administrative Fees:
 - \$15.00 per move in a Municipality



